Introduction

Pie charts are the pictorial presentation of data in which data is presented in the form of a circle. In a pie chart, a circle is divided into various segments in such a way that each segment shows certain proportion of the total. In a pie chart, the total of all the data is 360°.

Formula to calculate central angle for a component:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

Steps for the construction of a pie chart:

1) First we calculate the central angle for each component using by above mentioned formula.

2) Draw a circle of any radius.

3) Then, within this circle, draw a horizontal radius.

4) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw radii making central angles corresponding to the values of respective components

5) Repeat the process for all components till all the components get exhausted.

6) These radii divide the complete circle into various sectors.

7) We can shade each sector with different colors or design.

8) At the end, we obtain the required pie chart of the given data.

Examples

Example 1 – A man with a monthly salary of Rs 21600 plans his budget for a month as given below:

Amount (in Rs)6300	4200	3900	4800	2400

Represent the above data by a pie chart.

Solution - Total monthly salary = Rs 21600

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

Item	Amount (in Rs)	Central angle
Food	6300	$\frac{6300}{21600} \times 360 = 105^{\circ}$
Rent	4200	$\frac{4200}{21600} \times 360 = 70^{\circ}$
Education	3900	$\frac{3900}{21600} \times 360 = 65^{\circ}$
Savings	4800	$\frac{4800}{21600} \times 360 = 80^{\circ}$
Miscellaneous	2400	$\frac{2400}{21600} \times 360 = 40^{\circ}$

Steps of construction of pie chart for the above data:

- 1) Draw circle of any radius
- 2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 105°, 70°, 65°, 80° and 40° respectively.

4) Now shade the sectors with different colors and label each of them.



Example 2 – The data on the mode of transport used by 720 students are given below:

Mode of transport	Bus	Cycle	Train	Car	Scooter
Number of students	120	180	240	80	100

Represent the above data by a pie chart

Solution - Total number of students = 720

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Mode of transport	Number of students	Central angle
Bus	120	$\frac{120}{720} \times 360 = 60^{\circ}$
Cycle	180	$\frac{180}{720} \times 360 = 90^{\circ}$
Train	240	$\frac{240}{720} \times 360 = 120^{0}$

Car	80	$\frac{80}{720} \times 360 = 40^{\circ}$
Scooter	100	$\frac{100}{720} \times 360 = 50^{\circ}$

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 60°, 90°, 120°, 40° and 50° respectively.



Example 3 – There are 216 workers in a factory as per list given below:

Cadre	Labourer	Machanic	Fitter	Supervisor	Clerk
Number of workers	75	60	36	27	18

Represent the above data by a pie chart

Solution - Total number of workers = 216

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Cadre	Number of workers	Central angle
Labourer	75	$\frac{75}{216} \times 360 = 125^{\circ}$
Mechanic	60	$\frac{60}{216} \times 360 = 100^{\circ}$
Filter	36	$\frac{36}{216} \times 360 = 60^{\circ}$
Supervisor	27	$\frac{27}{216} \times 360 = 45^{\circ}$
Clerk	18	$\frac{18}{216} \times 360 = 30^{\circ}$

Total value

Steps of construction of pie chart for the above data:

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 125°, 100°, 60°, 45° and 30° respectively.



Example 4 – The following table shows the expenditure in percentage incurred on the construction of a house in a city:

Item	Brick	Cement	Steel	Labour	Miscellaneous
Expenditure (in %)	15%	20%	10%	25%	30%

Represent the above data by a pie chart.

Solution - Total percentage = 100

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Item	Expenditure (in %)	Central angle
Labourer	15%	$\frac{15}{100} \times 360 = 54^{\circ}$
Mechanic	20%	$\frac{20}{100} \times 360 = 72^{\circ}$
Fitter	10%	$\frac{10}{100} \times 360 = 36^{\circ}$

Supervisor	25%	$\frac{25}{100} \times 360 = 90^{\circ}$
Clerk	30%	$\frac{30}{100} \times 360 = 108^{\circ}$

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 54°, 72°, 36°, 90° and 108° respectively.



Exercise 24A

Question 1 – The monthly income of a family is Rs 28800. The monthly expenditure of the family on various items is given below:

Item	Rent	Food	Clothing	Education	Savings
Expenditure (in Rs)	8000	10800	5600	3600	800

Represent the above data by a pie chart.

Solution - Total monthly income = Rs 28800

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

Item	Expenditure (in Rs)	Central angle
Rent	8000	$\frac{8000}{28800} \times 360 = 100^{\circ}$
Food	10800	$\frac{10800}{28800} \times 360 = 135^{\circ}$
Clothing	5600	$\frac{5600}{28800} \times 360 = 70^{\circ}$
Education	3600	$\frac{3600}{28800} \times 360 = 45^{\circ}$
Savings	800	$\frac{800}{28800} \times 360 = 10^0$

Steps of construction of pie chart for the above data:

- 1) Draw circle of any radius
- 2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 100°, 135°, 70°, 45° and 10° respectively.

4) Now shade the sectors with different colors and label each of them.



Question 2 – There are 900 creatures in a zoo as per list given below:

Beast animals	Other land animals	Birds	Water animals	Reptiles
150	400	175	125	50

Represent the above data by a pie chart.

Solution - Total number of creatures = 900

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Different creatures	Number of creatures	Central angle
Beast animals	150	$\frac{150}{900} \times 360 = 60^{\circ}$
Other land animals	400	$\frac{400}{900} \times 360 = 160^{\circ}$
Birds	175	$\frac{175}{900} \times 360 = 70^{\circ}$

Water animals	125	$\frac{125}{900} \times 360 = 50^{\circ}$
Reptiles	50	$\frac{50}{900} \times 360 = 20^{\circ}$

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 60°, 160°, 70°, 50° and 20° respectively.



Question 3 – Various modes of transport used by 1260 students in a given school are given below:

School bus	Private bus	Bicycle	Rickshaw	On foot
350	245	210	175	280

Represent the above data by a pie chart.

Solution - Total number of students = 1260

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Mode of transport	Number of students	Central angle
School bus	350	$\frac{350}{1260} \times 360 = 100^{\circ}$
Private bus	245	$\frac{245}{1260} \times 360 = 70^{\circ}$
Bicycle	210	$\frac{210}{1260} \times 360 = 60^{\circ}$
Rickshaw	175	$\frac{175}{1260} \times 360 = 50^{\circ}$
On foot	280	$\frac{280}{1260} \times 360 = 80^{\circ}$

Total value

Steps of construction of pie chart for the above data:

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 100°, 70°, 60°, 50° and 80° respectively.



Question 4 – The data given below shows number of hours spent by a school boy on different activities on a working day.

Activity 5	School	Homework	Play	Sleep	Others	Total
Number of hours 7	7	4	2	8	3	24

Represent the above data by a pie chart.

Solution - Total number of hours = 24

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Activity	Number of hours	Central angle
School	7	$\frac{7}{24} \times 360 = 105^{\circ}$
Homework	4	$\frac{4}{24} \times 360 = 60^{\circ}$
Play	2	$\frac{2}{24} \times 360 = 30^{\circ}$
Sleep	8	$\frac{8}{24} \times 360 = 120^{\circ}$
Others	3	$\frac{3}{24} \times 360 = 45^{\circ}$

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 105°, 60°, 30°, 120° and 45° respectively.

4) Now shade the sectors with different colors and label each of them.



Question 5 – The data on religion wise division of 1080 workers of a factory are given below:

Religion	Hindu	Muslim	Sikh	Christian
Number of workers	450	270	255	105

Draw a pie chart to represent the above data.

Solution - Total number of workers = 1080

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

Religion	Number of workers	Central angle
Hindu	450	$\frac{450}{1080} \times 360 = 150^{\circ}$
Muslim	270	$\frac{270}{1080} \times 360 = 90^{\circ}$
Sikh	255	$\frac{255}{1080} \times 360 = 85^{\circ}$
Christian	105	$\frac{105}{1080} \times 360 = 35^{\circ}$

Steps of construction of pie chart for the above data:

- 1) Draw circle of any radius
- 2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 150°, 90°, 85° and

35° respectively.



Question 6 – The marks obtained by Sudhir in an examination are given below:

Subject	English	Hindi	Mathematics	Science	Social Science	
Marks obtained	105	75	150	120	90	
Represent the above data by a pie chart						

Solution - Total marks obtained = 105+75+150+120+90 = 540

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

Subject	Marks obtained	Central angle
English	105	$\frac{105}{540} \times 360 = 70^{\circ}$
Hindi	75	$\frac{75}{540} \times 360 = 50^{\circ}$
Mathematics	150	$\frac{150}{540} \times 360 = 100^{\circ}$
Science	120	$\frac{120}{540} \times 360 = 80^{\circ}$
Social Science	90	$\frac{90}{540} \times 360 = 60^{\circ}$

Steps of construction of pie chart for the above data:

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 70°, 50°, 100°, 80° and 60° respectively.



Question 7 – The following table gives the number of different fruits kept in a hamper:

Type of fruit	Mangoes	Apples	Oranges	Coconuts	Pomegranates
Number	26	30	21	5	8

Represent the above data by a pie chart

Solution - Total number of fruits = 26+30+21+5+8 = 90

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Type of fruit	Marks obtained	Central angle
Mangoes	26	$\frac{26}{90} \times 360 = 104^{\circ}$
Apples	30	$\frac{30}{90} \times 360 = 120^{\circ}$
Oranges	21	$\frac{21}{90} \times 360 = 84^{\circ}$
Coconuts	5	$\frac{5}{90} \times 360 = 20^{\circ}$
Pomegranates	8	$\frac{8}{90} \times 360 = 32^{\circ}$

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 104°, 120°, 84°, 20° and 32° respectively.

4) Now shade the sectors with different colors and label each of them.



Question 8 – The following data shows the agricultural production in India during a certain year.

Food grain	Rice	Wheat	Coarse cereals	Pulses
Production (in millions of	57	76	38	19
tonnes)				

Draw a pie chart to represent the above data.

Solution - Total Production = (57+76+38+19) million tonnes = 190 million tonnes

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360

Food grain	Production (in millions of	Central angle
	tonnes)	
Rice	57	$\frac{57}{190} \times 360 = 108^{\circ}$
Wheat	76	$\frac{76}{190} \times 360 = 144^{\circ}$
Coarse cereals	38	$\frac{38}{190} \times 360 = 72^{\circ}$
Pulses	19	$\frac{19}{190} \times 360 = 36^{\circ}$

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 108°, 144°, 72° and 36° respectively.



Question 9 – Given below is the result of an annual examination of a class, showing the percentage of students in each category.

First division	Second division	Third division	Failed
25%	45%	20%	10%

Represent the above data by a pie chart.

Solution - Total percentage = 100

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Result		Percentage of students	Central angle
First division		25%	$\frac{25}{100} \times 360 = 90^{\circ}$
Second division		45%	$\frac{45}{100} \times 360 = 162^{\circ}$
Third division	3	20%	$\frac{20}{100} \times 360 = 72^{\circ}$
Failed		10%	$\frac{10}{100} \times 360 = 36^{\circ}$

Total value

Steps of construction of pie chart for the above data:

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 90°, 162°, 72° and 36° respectively.



Question 10 – The following table shows the percentage of buyers of four different brands of bathing soaps.

Brand	Α	В	С	D
Percentage of buyers	20%	40%	25%	15%

Represent the above data by a pie chart.

Solution - Total percentage = 100

We first calculate the central angles for each component by using the formula:

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Brand	Percentage of buyers	Central angle
Α	20%	$\frac{20}{100} \times 360 = 72^{\circ}$
В	40%	$\frac{40}{100} \times 360 = 144^{\circ}$
С	25%	$\frac{25}{100} \times 360 = 90^{\circ}$
D	15%	$\frac{15}{100} \times 360 = 54^{\circ}$

1) Draw circle of any radius

2) Draw horizontal radius of circle

3) Starting with the horizontal radius, draw sectors whose central angles are 90°, 162°, 72° and 36° respectively.



Exercise 24B

Question 1 – A man's monthly salary is Rs 24000 and his monthly expenses on travel are Rs 2500. The central angle of the sector representing travel expenses in the pie chart would be?

Solution - Total monthly salary = Rs 24000

Monthly expenses on travel = Rs 2500

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

Central angle of sector representing travel expenses = value of the component \times 360°



Question 2 – If 35% of the people residing in a locality are Sikhs then the central angle of the sector representing the Sikh community in the pie chart would be?

Solution - Total Percentage of People = 100%

Percentage of Sikhs = 35%

Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

Central angle of sector representing Sikh community = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

$$= 35 \times 360 = 126^{\circ}$$

100

Question 3 – If in the pie chart representing the number of students opting for different streams of study out of a total strength of 1650 students, the central angle of the sector representing arts students is 48° then what is the number of students who opted for arts stream?

Solution - Total strength of students = 1650

Central angle representing arts students = 48°

We know that Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

 \Rightarrow Number of arts students \times 360 = 48

1650

 \Rightarrow Number of arts students = $(48 \times 1650)/360 = 220$

Question 4 – In the pie chart representing the percentage of students having interest in reading various kinds of books, the central angle of the sector representing students reading novel is 81°. What is the percentage of students interested in reading novels?

Solution - Total Percentage of Students = 100%

Central angle representing students reading novels = 81°

We know that Central angle of a component = value of the component \times 360°

Total value

 \Rightarrow Number of students reading novels \times 360 = 81

100

 \Rightarrow Number of students reading novels = $(81 \times 100)/360 = 22.5\%$